SWGDE Core Competencies for Forensic Audio

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**Scientific Working Group on Digital Evidence**

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Core Competencies for Forensic Audio

1 Purpose
This document provides an outline of the knowledge and abilities all practitioners of forensic audio must possess. The following elements provide a basis for training and testing programs. This basis is suitable for certification, competency, and proficiency testing.

2 Scope
These are sufficient for a technician performing basic forensic audio functions such as equipment configuration, handling of evidence, format conversion, basic media repairs, and reporting of results as outlined in “SWGDE Best Practices for Forensic Audio”. Other procedures, such as enhancement, complex media repairs, or signal analysis require additional skill sets specific to the content or phenomena under test. Refer to “SWGDE/SWGIT Guidelines & Recommendations for Training in Digital & Multimedia Evidence” for general training requirements of forensic practitioners.

3 Core Competencies
A forensic audio technician must be able to hear and must track their acuity regularly. A hearing assessment must also be performed after any trauma that could result in hearing loss.

Audio technology is always evolving. A forensic audio technician should know the history of forensic audio analysis and must remain current by reading trade journals, taking classes, participating in professional organizations, and accumulating other continuing education within the field.

A forensic audio technician must be trained on their laboratory’s specific standard operating procedures which should be based on best practices.

A forensic audio technician must have an understanding of ethics and the requirements for integrity and neutrality in scientific processes.

A forensic audio technician must have the ability to apply the principles of quality management as defined in “SWGDE Minimum Requirements for Quality Assurance in the Processing of Digital and Multimedia Evidence”.

3.1 Audio Laboratory Configuration

3.1.1 Knowledge of computer workstation hardware, configuration, software and connection of peripheral storage devices.

3.1.2 Ability to operate task specific forensic audio processing equipment and software and know their capabilities and limitations.
3.1.3 Ability to run test signals through individual devices and through an interconnected laboratory system to verify connectivity and performance is as expected.

3.1.4 Ability to test audio processing software using known audio data to verify it is performing as expected.

3.1.5 Ability to identify equipment that requires calibration, identify when that equipment is out of calibration, and what steps must be taken to re-calibrate.

3.1.6 Ability to maintain equipment and perform basic maintenance functions including cleaning and demagnetizing electronic heads, defragmenting hard drives, and updating operating system, forensic, and antivirus software.

3.1.7 Ability to identify and mitigate environmental noise that interferes with hearing evidence recordings within the laboratory (speech, HVAC, equipment fans, vibration).

3.1.8 Ability to identify and mitigate sources of electromagnetic interference (EMI) such as AC, ground loops, stray electrical and magnetic fields, RF equipment (e.g., cell phones, radios, etc.), and CRTs.

3.1.9 Knowledge of the proper temperature, humidity, and ventilation requirements of audio equipment.

3.1.10 Knowledge of various cable and connector types and the impact of their construction and distance on signal quality, impedance, and interconnection issues.

3.1.11 Knowledge of sound level scales such as voltage, decibel, and volumetric.

3.1.12 Ability to design analog signal paths to mitigate noise and distortion and to keep signal levels within an appropriate range.

3.1.13 Knowledge of signal formats and their limitations and the ability to choose signal formats to optimize signal quality.

3.2 Audio Evidence Collection

3.2.1 Ability to advise investigators regarding best practices for identifying and seizing audio evidence for subsequent laboratory examination, evidence preservation, packaging, transport, and storage.

3.3 Audio Evidence Handling

3.3.1 Ability to determine whether a request is within the scope of an individual’s or the laboratory’s services.
3.3.2 Ability to assess the risks to audio evidence posed by processes from other forensic science disciplines.

3.3.3 Ability to assess the risks to non-audio evidence posed by forensic audio processes.

3.3.4 Ability to determine an appropriate sequence of interdisciplinary forensic analyses, given the risks that exist.

3.3.5 Knowledge of physical media formats and how to protect them from overwrite and environmental damage.

3.3.6 Ability to identify physical damage which may impact the proper function of the media or device.

3.3.7 Ability to safeguard recorded evidence (write protection and physical, magnetic, and environmental protection).

3.3.8 Ability to properly pack, seal, and ship media exhibits without damaging the physical media or the recorded evidence.

3.3.9 Ability to properly label media exhibits for identification without damaging evidence.

3.3.10 Knowledge of how duplication processes can have adverse effects on signal quality and intelligibility.

3.3.11 Ability to explain the limitations of duplicated recordings and the importance of original recordings.

3.4 Preliminary Examination

3.4.1 Ability to identify physical media of the source and determine the appropriate playback equipment.

3.4.2 Ability to research unfamiliar audio recording devices and systems to best collect audio and associated data.

3.4.3 Ability to perform spectral analysis to estimate signal bandwidth.

3.4.4 Ability to use both critical listening and a stereo meter to estimate channel phase difference and number of independent channels.

3.4.5 Ability to use both critical listening and spectral analysis to evaluate the dynamic range of a signal.
3.4.6 Ability to select an appropriate output format with sufficient channels, sampling rate, and bit depth to represent the desired signal to the desired accuracy.

3.4.7 Ability to adjust the playback gain, amplification, and capture devices to minimize distortion and prevent clipping while preventing the loss of low energy signals.

3.4.8 Knowledge of widely supported audio formats.

3.4.9 Ability to check digital media for viruses.

3.4.10 Ability to evaluate a digital source signal to determine the native bit depth, sampling rate, dynamic range, encoding scheme, and number of channels.

3.4.11 Ability to identify audio file formats and determine the appropriate software to access, play back, or convert audio data.

3.4.12 Ability to recover and interpret metadata from file formats.

3.4.13 Ability to attach, configure, and use write protection hardware and software to ensure original data integrity.

3.4.14 Knowledge of hashing processes and the ability to compute and verify them.

3.4.15 Ability to use the track configuration, azimuth, speed, signal levels, frequency response, and dynamic range to select and adjust analog playback equipment to produce an optimal output signal.

3.4.16 Ability to use the frequency response and channel separation of the audio signal to adjust head azimuth and position of a playback device to optimize the output signal quality.

3.5 Repair and Recovery

3.5.1 Knowledge of the production and assembly of audio media, the materials from which they are made, the physical properties of those materials, and how the media are designed to function.

3.5.2 Ability to evaluate media damage to determine whether it may affect access, playback, or recovery of the recording.

3.5.3 Ability to disassemble and reassemble media housings and replace damaged components as necessary.

3.5.4 Ability to clean magnetic tape without damaging it.

3.5.5 Ability to clean optical discs without damaging them.
3.5.6 Ability to identify the following in magnetic tape reels: sticky-shed, binding, pack slip, torn or wrinkled tape, and damage to the tape reel.

3.5.7 Ability to determine if data has been written to a recordable optical disc.

3.5.8 Ability to splice magnetic tape.

3.6 Results

3.6.1 Ability to provide effective written and verbal communication.

3.6.2 Ability to communicate effectively the capabilities and limitations of processes and results.

3.6.3 Ability to assess the needs of the submitter to provide the appropriate output medium and format.

3.6.4 Ability to record examination notes that document how exhibits were handled and what processes were performed with enough detail to allow a comparably trained examiner to explain the results or derive similar conclusions.

3.6.5 Ability to write a report containing all of the relevant information in a clear and concise manner using standardized terminology.

3.7 Legal – Courts, Testimony, Law

3.7.1 Knowledge of relevant federal, state, and local case law pertaining to the forensic processing of audio and speech.

3.7.2 Knowledge of rules of evidence in civil and criminal procedure pertinent to admissibility and authentication.

3.7.3 Knowledge of rules of evidence in civil and criminal procedure pertinent to expert witness testimony.

3.7.4 Ability to successfully provide testimony in court under direct and cross examinations.

3.7.5 Ability to present technical data in a clear and concise manner.
## History – Core Competencies for Forensic Audio

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rev</th>
<th>Issue Date</th>
<th>Section</th>
<th>History</th>
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